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2 October 1961

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CENTRAL

INTELLIGENCE

BULLETIN



25X1

NAVY review(s) completed.

TOP SECRET

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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

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ship appeared a Peiping on 1 Octobre that agricultura No major bloc of was the highest munist China pl ''Double Ten'' for versary of the resimportant bloc of In line with ship, Chou En-la National Day, congether with peop of hostility' whie ''rightful'' place Moscow gaversary. In a sereception in Mo	China: Communist China's entite the gala 12th National Day celetober, possibly in an effort to qual and economic problems have leelegations attended the ceremonaranking. It is probable, however and to place principal emphasis stivities, as 10 October will be evolution that put Sun Yat-sen in delegations may be sent on that of Peiping's increased efforts to gai, speaking at a state banquet of contrasted Communist China's "work of all other countries" with the chas prevented Peiping from a in the UN. We only perfunctory attention to I speech at the Chinese Communist Scow on 29 September, Kozlov resof Soviet support for Peiping's "	brations in eash rumors ed to purges. ies; Albania's er, that Com- this year on the 50th anni- n power; more occasion. ain UN member- on the eve of ish to live to- the US "policy assuming its Peiping's anni- t National Day reiterated stand-
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	avoided anything the of Chinese ideologists sent by Khrushcher peared to place Chibers by stating that the Chinese people	ns and for the liberation of Ta nat could be construed as Sovic ical claims. The congratulate v and Brezhnev to the Chinese ina on the same level with oth t the Soviet people prize frien "and with the peoples of other on of the "unbreakable unity ar	et tolerance ory message leaders ap- er bloc mem- dship with r socialist	25>
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25X1	tober celebration of state, General Fra vision" of the ten- ment which runs u for an automatic fit quests revision, b past few years that cessions on milita	(Backup, Page 3) speech to military officers dured his twenty-fifth anniversary ance stated that "circumstance year US-Spanish defense and intil September 1963. The tredeve-year extension unless one ut there have been several incit Spain intended to press for gry and economic aid. The US forocco by the end of 1963 lear	as chief of es counsel re- bases agree- aty provides signatory re- lications in the greater con- agreement to	oK
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25X1 25X1	cessions from the renegotiated. In that Portugal was its African policy US for some expressions.	a much better position to extre US when the Spanish bases at view of his statement in the 1 s being attacked unjustly abroay, it is possible he has in minoression of support in Africa.	greement is October speech .d because of
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Problems of European Neutrals in Establishing Ties With Common Market

Of the five non-NATO Western European countries, only Ireland has asked for outright Common Market membership since it became clear earlier this year that Britain would do so. As members of the Outer Seven (EFTA), however, Austria, Switzerland, and Sweden participated in the joint statement of 31 July declaring an intention to examine with the EEC "ways and means" by which all the Outer Seven could take part in a "single market." Moreover, on the same date, Vienna issued an official communique expressing readiness to open negotiations looking toward participation in such a market under conditions taking into "special consideration" Austria's trade and foreign policy. Finland, an EFTA associate, has declared merely that it will "watch" the outcome of the negotiations between the EEC and the full members of the Outer Seven.

The problems of the various neutrals in defending their major economic interests in the EEC are not identical. Austria's obligations as a neutral are legally restricted to the military sphere, but it feels itself additionally bound by the injunction in the Austrian State Treaty against union with Germany. Neutrality is so thoroughly established in Sweden and Switzerland that government leaders are largely agreed that full membership in an organization involving some derogation of sovereignty or loss of full control over trade policy is probably politically impossible. Swiss officials have claimed that relinquishment of jurisdiction to a supranational organization would be incompatible with the Swiss system of government, with its widespread use of popular initiative and referendum. Socialist elements in all these countries have charged the EEC is geared to the pursuit of conservative economic policies.

With the exception of Finland, Austria has appeared the most concerned over the possibilities of actual Soviet retaliation. Soviet officials have on several occasions and with varying degress of severity warned Vienna against ties with the EEC. In its aide-memoire of 31 July, to which Austria is now responding, Moscow reiterated previous charges that the Common Market

25X1	is an economic and political organization of NATO, in which West Germany plays a leading role. The aide-memoire also claimed that the Austrian Government has itself considered participation in the EEC incompatible with neutrality and the State Treatyan evident reference to statements along this line previously made by Austrian Foreign Minister Kreisky	
	In an effort to develop a common front against such pressures—as well as a common position toward the EEC—Swiss, Austrian, and Swedish officials recently met in Vienna, and other such meetings are expected in the next few months. Austria is clearly hoping that in negotiations with the EEC, it can follow the lead of the Swiss, whose bargaining position is comparatively strong, and Sweden may also eventually welcome such leadership. Stockholm has long felt itself obliged to take into consideration the more vulnerable position of Finland in problems of neutrality.	l 25X1
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Approved Far Release 2003/04/17:CIA-RDP79T00975A006000040001-0 THE PRESIDENT The Vice President Executive Offices of the White House Special Counsel to the President Military Representative of the President The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs The Scientific Adviser to the President The Director of the Budget The Director, Office of Civil and Defense Mobilization The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration Chairman, Foreign Intelligence Advisory Board The Department of State The Secretary of State The Under Secretary of State The Director, International Cooperation Administration The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Administration The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council The Director of Intelligence and Research The Treasury Department The Secretary of the Treasury The Under Secretary of the Treasury The Department of Defense The Secretary of Defense The Deputy Secretary of Defense The Secretary of the Army The Secretary of the Navy The Secretary of the Air Force The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs) The Assistant to Secretary of Defense (Special Operations) The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy Chief of Staff, United States Air Force Chief of Staff, United States Army Commandant, United States Marine Corps U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO Supreme Allied Commander, Europe Commander in Chief, Pacific The Director, The Joint Staff The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force The Department of Justice The Attorney General The Federal Bureau of Investigation The Director The Atomic Energy Commission The Chairman The National Security Agency The Director The United States Information Agency The Director The National Indications Center The Director

